## Annex

Country: Israel Institute: Israel Meteorological Service Name: Itzhak Carmona E-mail: carmonai@ims.gov.il

## Assessment of the seasonal forecast for the summer season

# JJA 2023

## **1.** SEECOF-29 Climate outlook for the 2023 summer season:

The SEECOF-29 temperature outlook assigned 50% chance for the "above normal" tercile, 30% for the "normal" tercile and 20% for the "below normal" terciles (fig. 1).

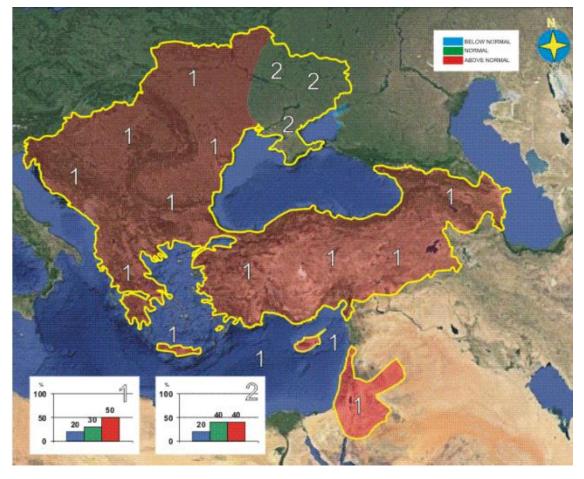


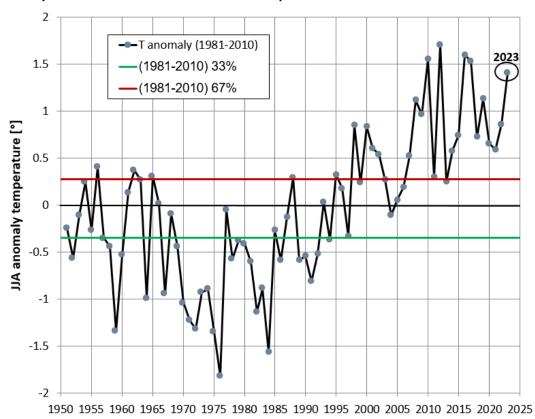
Fig. 1: SEECOF-29 temperature prediction for summer (JJA) 2023

#### 2. Analysis of the 2023 summer season:

#### **Temperature**

The country average temperature was calculated by the average of five stations, which represent most of the country's climate regime. The stations used are: Eilat (southern Israel) Negba (southern coastal plan), Bet-Gimal (central low mountain ridge), Jerusalem (central mountain ridge) and Zefad (Northern mountain ridge). The choice was proved to be correct as these stations' average temperature for the last decade (2001-2010) turned out to be almost identical to the average temperature calculated from 39 stations spread all over the country.

It can be seen from figure 3 that the JJA 2023 average temperature resides in the "above normal" tercile. The JJA 2023 average temperature resides in the 99% quintile. The anomaly JJA 2023 average temperature is  $+1.40c^{\circ}$  relative to JJA 1981-2010.



Anomaly of JJA T2m for 5 stations. The anomaly is relative to JJA 1981- 2010

Fig. 2: JJA average temperature anomalies for Israel since 1951. The horizontal lines represent the upper and lower tercile thresholds for the 1981-2010 reference periods.

### **Precipitation**

As there is no precipitation during JJA there is no need for seasonal forecast.

## **3.** High Impacts Events:

JJA 2023 had no high impact events.

## 4. Verification of the SEECOF-29 climate outlook for the JJA 2023:

The table below is a verification summary of the climate outlook for the JJA 2023 to the reference period of 1981-2010. The RPSS indicates a positive skill for the summer forecast.

Country	Seasonal temperature (JJA)				
	Observed	SEECOF-29 climate			Ranked Probability
		outlook for temperature			Skill Score*
Israel	above	А	N	В	
	normal	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.48

\*The Rank Probability Skill Score (RPSS) is essentially an extension of the Brier score to 3 event situation.

$$RPS = \sum_{m=1}^{j} \left[ \left( \sum_{j=1}^{m} F_{j} \right) - \left( \sum_{j=1}^{m} O_{j} \right) \right]^{2}$$

Where F and O denotes the Forecast and Observed values, respectively for tercile forecasts j=3.

The skill score is defined by:

$$RPSS = 1 - \frac{RPS}{RPS_{clim}}$$

Were RPS<sub>clim</sub> is obtained by assigning equal probability of 33.33% to all categories. The RPSS values vary from 1 for a perfect forecast (100% probability for the observed tercile) to -3.5 for a wrong (opposite?) forecast.

## 5. Users' perceptions of the SEECOF-29 outlook

We provided the summer climate outlook.