

MEDCOF-15

RCC-LRF Météo-France report for DJF 2020-2021 – DRAFT

A) Oceanic forecast:

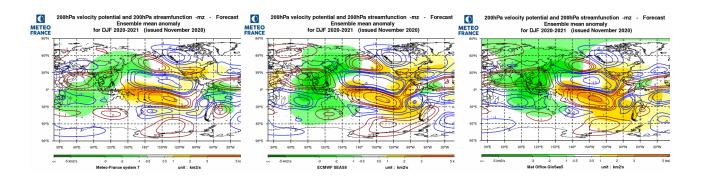
- **ENSO** : **ongoing moderate La Niña.** The phenomenon should reach a peak towards the end of the year and start to decrease from February.
- **IOD** : neutral situation during next quarter.

B) Drivers:

- West QBO with an east shift at the end of the quarter.
- Slightly reinforced polar vortex

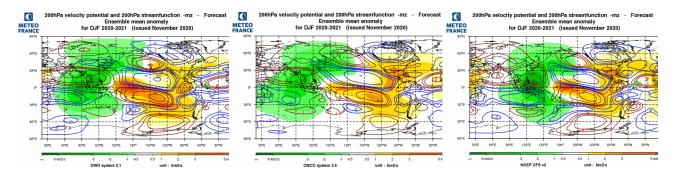
C)Atmospheric circulation:

- classical response to "La Niña" in the tropics (upward motion anomaly over the Eastern Indian Ocean and Maritime Continent, downward motion anomaly over Central Pacific).

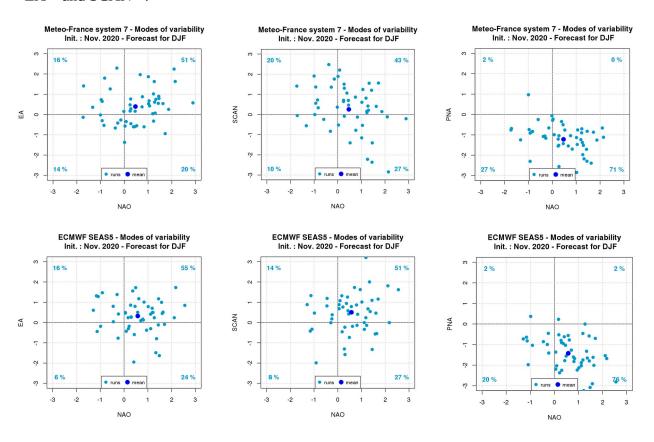


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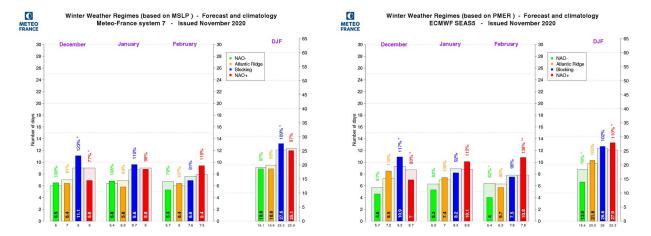
- over the North Atlantic and Europe : all the models predict high field values from USA to Europe. They are less in agreement with the positioning of low relative values further north, around Iceland.
- modes of variability : The two models are very close. Totally strong negative PNA. Majority NAO \pm EA \pm and SCAN \pm .



- weather regimes : The temporal evolution of the two models is identical with blocking favored at the start of the quarter and then gradually more NAO \pm SEAS5 switches more frankly towards NAO \pm (see the field of Z500) from where a quarterly average favoring the NAO \pm to the detriment of NAO-

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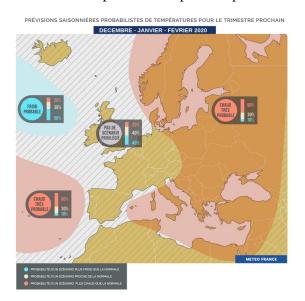


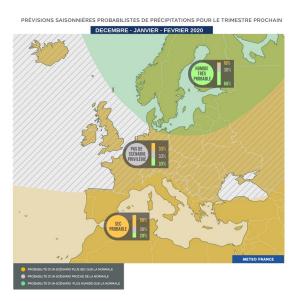


Frequency of SLP weather regimes, compared to model's own climatology, for the next three months and aggregation over the entire quarter, for MF-S7 (left) and SEAS5 (right).

D) Most likely conditions:

over Europe and the Mediterranean basin: weak warm signal on the east. Drier than normal in the southwestern part of Europe. Wet probabilities over Scandinavia





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