Country: Republic of Moldova

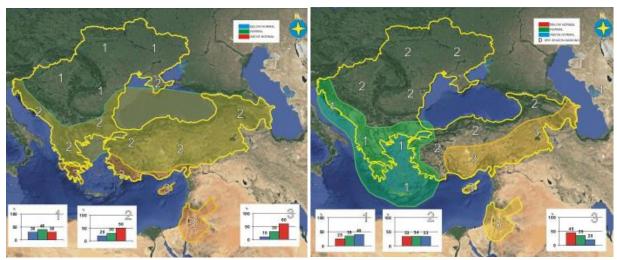
Institute: State Hydrometeorological Service

Name: Lidia Trescilo

E-mail: lidia.trescilo@meteo.gov.md

Climatological reference period: 1981-2010.

1. SEECOF-16 Climate outlook for the 2016/2017 winter season for the Moldova



SEECOF-16 climate outlook for temperature: Near normal

SEECOF-16 climate outlook for precipitation: **No predictive signal**

2. Analysis of the Winter Season 2016/2017 in Moldova

Winter 2016-2017 in the Republic of Moldova has been normal by the temperature regime. The beginning of the meteorological winter (steady transition of the average daily temperature through 0°C in the direction of decrease) in the extreme northern regions of the country was marked on November 28, and in the rest of the republic on December 13 – in terms close to normal. Its end (steady transition of the average daily temperature through 0°C in the direction of increase) was marked everywhere on February 17 to 19, which is 1-2 weeks earlier than usual.

Average air temperature on the territory for the season was of -1,5..-2,9°C, which is within the normal range (Fig.1,2).

Absolute minimum of the air temperature on the territory was -21°C (February, MS Bravicea), which in winter is recorded in average once in 2-3 years. Absolute maximum reached +16°C (February, MS Baltata, Tiraspol, Ceadir-Lunga, Cahul), which in winter is recorded in average once in 3-5 years.

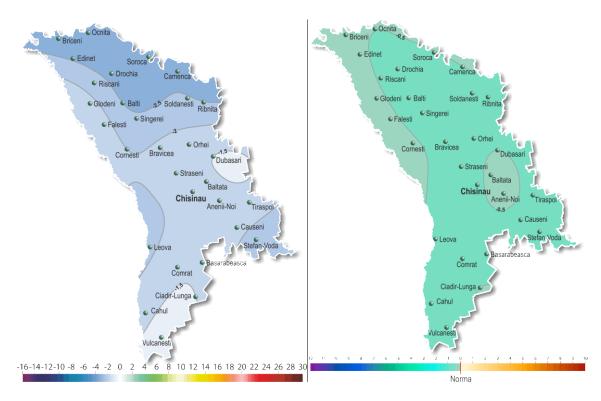


Fig.1. Mean Temperature in Winter, °C

Fig.2. Mean Temperature Anomalies in Winter, ${}^{\rm o}{\rm C}$

The amount of precipitation for the season on 60% of the territory was 50-65 mm (50-75% of norm). On the rest of the territory have fallen 70-85 mm (80-100% of norm). (Fig.3,4).

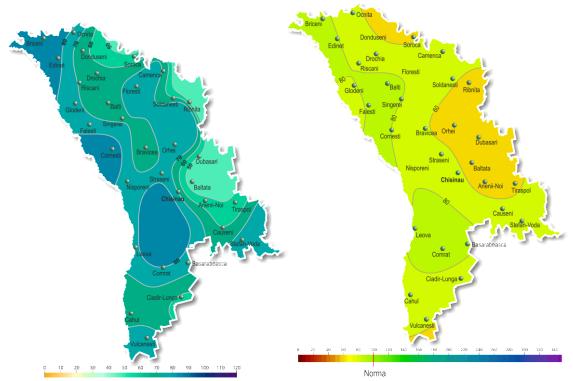


Fig.3. Amount of precipitation in Winter, mm

Fig.4. Precipitation Anomalies in Winter, %

Steady snow cover mainly established on January 6 to 7 and it has maintained on a large part of the territory until February 22 to 23. Its maximum height on meteorological sites reached 28 cm (January, MS Ceadir-Lunga). As well, the snow cover was observed in some places, most of December.

Compared to the winter of 2015-16, this season was 3,0-3,5°C cooler and having a similar amount of precipitation. The thermal regime is analogously as season 2012-13.

Weather conditions for wintering of autumn crops, orchards and vineyards in winter 2016-17 were favorable.

3. SEECOF-16 Climate outlook for the Winter Season 2016/2017 in Moldova

| Country | Seasonal temperature | | Seasonal precipitation | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------------|---|---|
| | Observed | SEECOF-16 climate outlook for temperature | Observed | SEECOF-16 climate outlook for precipitation | High Impact Events |
| Republic of Moldova | Near normal | Near normal | Below or near normal | No predictive signal | On January 7, a extreme meteorological phenomenon was observed in the form of a strong wind: the maximum speed of wind at MS Leova reached 26 m/s. In the first decade of January it was observed blizzard, in the result snowdrifts have been formed on the roads, which created extremely unfavorable conditions for traffic. During the winter period there were observed fogs, icy-frost deposits with a diameter of 1-12 mm, snowstorms, ice on the roads. |