National Climate Bulletin and the assessment of the MedCOF/SEECOF Climate outlook for <u>BULGARIA</u> for previous season (winter 2017)

				T winter	degC			R winter	mm		
synop	lat	lon	name	0.33	0.5	0.67	observed	0.33	0.5	0.67	observed
15502	43.9942	22.8525	Vidin	0.1	0.7	1.2	-1.1	84.5	116	152.6	84
15549	43.5661	26.5078	Razgrad	-0.2	0.6	1.3	-0.8	98	120.1	134.4	94
15552	43.2125	27.9522	Varna	2.9	3.3	3.6	1.8	82.6	109.1	124.6	87
15655	42.4975	27.4825	Burgas	3.1	3.9	4.2	1.9	100.1	124.1	146.6	102
15640	42.6775	26.3397	Sliven	2.4	3	3.3	1.5	96.7	123	140.4	73
15730	41.6467	25.3853	Kardjali	2.1	2.6	3.4	1.2	154.9	168.7	197.1	98
15712	41.55	23.2672	Sandanski	3.2	3.8	4.5	2.7	97.8	121.5	164.6	49
15614	42.65	23.3833	Sofia	-0.4	0.2	1.2	-1.1	80.9	105.5	131.3	84

	Seasonal temperature DJF		Seasonal precipitation DJF			
Country	Observed	MedCOF climate outlook for temperature	Observed	MedCOF climate outlook for precipitation	High Impact Events	
Bulgaria	Below normal	Near normal	Near or below normal	Near or above normal	December 2016 was a very dry. January 2017 was very cold. For some of the monitored stations it was the coldest January since 1960. There was a very significant snow event from 6 to 11 January 2017. It produced significant snow cover in the entire country. If compared to similar snow events from the last five years it appears to be the most important recent snow event (Fig. 5a). Te same period was also extremely cold. It	
					ranks 4 th among the coldest such 5-days periods since 1991. However in terms of felt temperature it	

:

		is the coldest period. The reason is that the low
		temperatures were accompanied by strong winds
		and cloudy conditions (Fig. 5b). The same winds
		and cloudiness however prevented minimum
		temperatures from exceeding the absolute
		minimums for January.