Climate Watch (Serial No.: 20230807–31)

Initial/Updated/Final

Topic: **temperature**, **precipitation**Organization issuing SEEVCCC

the statement:

Issued/ Amended /

7-8-2023 16:00 P.M.

Cancelled

Contact: E-mail: cws-seevccc@hidmet.gov.rs

Phone: +381112066925 Fax: +381112066929

Valid from – to: 7-8-2023 – 30-9-2023 Next amendment: 14-8-2023

Region of concern: SEE

"Within the first week (7 to 13 August 2023), ECMWF monthly forecast predicts below average mean weekly air temperature with anomaly from -3°C up to -6°C in the Balkans, with around 90% probability for exceeding lower tercile (bottom third percent of the lowest temperature). Above average mean weekly air temperature with anomaly up to +6°C is predicted for central and eastern Turkey and South Caucasus with up to 90% probability for exceeding upper tercile (top third percent of the highest temperature). Precipitation deficit is expected in northern and southern Balkans, with probability up to 80% for exceeding lower tercile (bottom third of the lowest precipitation). "

Monitoring

During the period from 30 July to 5 August 2023, weekly precipitation sums were up to 100 mm in Croatia and up to 50 mm in some parts of Romania, Serbia, Montenegro, western and northern Ukraine, while in other parts of the region, precipitation totals were up to 25 mm. Precipitation was nor recorded in southern Balkans, Cyprus and most of Turkey.

Outlook

Within the first week (7 to 13 August 2023), ECMWF monthly forecast predicts below average mean weekly air temperature with anomaly from -3°C up to -6°C in the Balkans, with around 90% probability for exceeding lower tercile (bottom third percent of the lowest temperature). Above average mean weekly air temperature with anomaly up to +6°C is predicted for central and eastern Turkey and South Caucasus with up to 90% probability for exceeding upper tercile (top third percent of the highest temperature). Precipitation deficit is expected in northern and southern Balkans, with probability up to 80% for exceeding lower tercile (bottom third of the lowest precipitation).

During the second week (14 to 20 August 2023), above normal mean weekly air temperature with anomaly up to +3°C is forecasted in western and eastern Balkans, southern and eastern Turkey and South Caucasus with around 80% probability for upper tercile (top third percent of the highest temperature). Precipitation deficit is predicted for most of the Balkans, Ukraine and parts of northern and western Turkey with probability up to 80% for exceeding lower tercile (bottom third of the lowest precipitation).

During the following three months (July, August and September), seasonal forecast predicts above average seasonal air temperature in Romania, Moldova, Ukraine and most of the Balkans. Below average seasonal air temperature is expected in some parts of eastern and southeastern Turkey. Precipitation surplus is expected in the Carpathians, northeastern Turkey, South Caucasus and most of the Middle East. Precipitation deficit is predicted for Moldova, most of Ukraine, most of Turkey and most of the Balkans.

Update

An updated statement will be issued on 14-8-2023

For further information, please contact cws-seevccc@hidmet.gov.rs

ANNEX

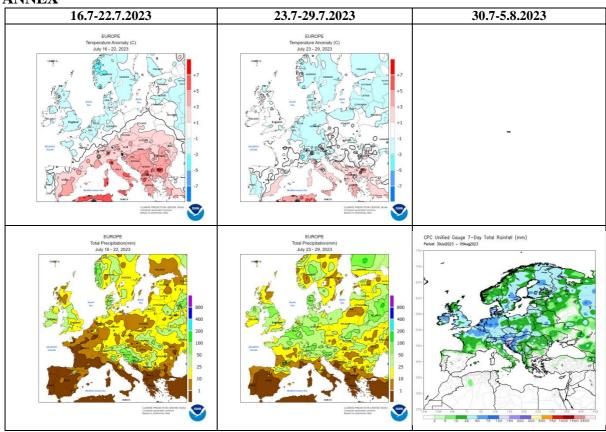


Figure 1. Temperature anomaly and total precipitation for recent weeks (source: Climate Prediction Center, USA)

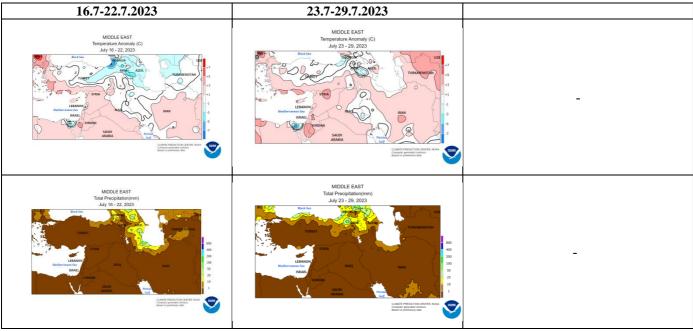


Figure 2. Temperature anomaly and total precipitation for recent weeks for Middle East (source: Climate Prediction Center)

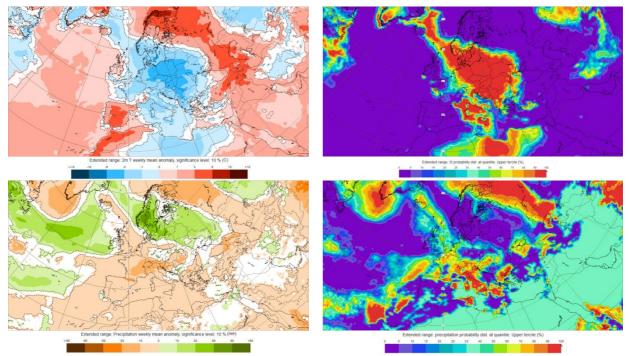


Figure 3. Outlook for the temperature anomalies and probability for the lower tercile (upper row), along with the precipitation surplus/deficit and probability for the lower tercile (lower row) for the 7.8–13.8.2023 period (source: European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts)

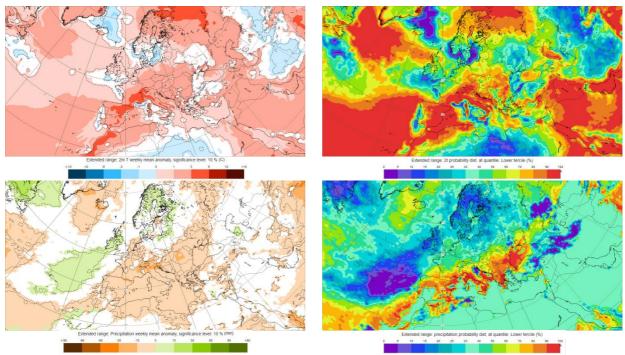


Figure 4. Outlook for the temperature anomalies and probability for the upper tercile (upper row), along with the precipitation surplus/deficit and probability for the lower tercile (lower row) for the 14.8–20.8.2023 period (source: European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts)

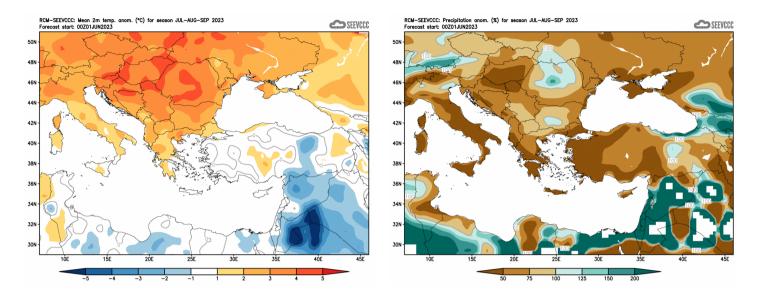


Figure 5. Mean seasonal temperature and precipitation anomaly for the season JAS (seasonal outlook from RCM – SEEVCCC)

Sources

- Republic Hydrometeorological Service of Serbia (<u>www.hidmet.gov.rs</u>)
- South East European Virtual Climate Change Center (<u>www.seevccc.rs</u>)
- European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts (http://www.ecmwf.int/)
- Climate Prediction Center USA (http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/)
- Deutscher Wetterdienst (http://www.dwd.de/)